

PHARMACY AND POISONS ACT, 1933

(23 & 24 GEO. 5. CH. 25).

POISONS

I. THE POISONS LIST prepared and submitted for the approval of the Secretary of State by the Poisons Board in accordance with section 17 of the Act.

II. Draft of the RULES to be made by the Secretary of State in pursuance of section 23 of the Act.

NOTE.

The recommendations of the Poisons Board, together with an explanatory Report have been published by H.M. Stationery Office (Cmd. 4912, 1935). Certain provisions only of the Pharmacy and Poisons Act, 1933, are at present in force.* By an Order in Council, dated June 6th, 1935, January 1st, 1936, has been appointed as the day upon which sections 7 to 14 shall come into force, and May 1st, 1936, has been appointed as the day upon which the remaining sections of the Act, which include the provisions replacing the existing law relating to the control of the sale and supply of poisons, shall come into operation.

Notice has been given in the London Gazette of June 18th, 1935, in accordance with the Rules Publication Act, 1893, that it is proposed, after forty days, to make Rules in pursuance of section 23 of the Pharmacy & Poisons Act. Notice was also given of the intention of the Secretary of State to confirm the Poisons List as prepared and submitted to him by the Poisons Board and to make an Order in pursuance of section 20 (4) of the Act, as recommended by the Poisons Board, approving, for the purposes of that section, any hospital, infirmary or dispensary maintained by any public authority or out of any public fund or by a charity or by voluntary subscriptions.

It is intended that the Rules shall come into force on May 1st, 1936, the date upon which the Act is to come into full operation; and on that date the existing statutory provisions in regard to the sale and supply of poisons will cease to have effect. It should be noted that until May 1st, 1936, the substances subject to control are those included in the Schedule to the Poisons and Pharmacy Act, 1908, as amended by Order in Council (the current "Schedule of Poisons") and not those included in the Poisons List, although the Poisons List may have been confirmed before that date.

* Viz., Sections 1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 16, 17, 26 and (in part) 31 (4).

The Rules follow those recommended by the Poisons Board (Appendix II to the Board's Report above mentioned) with the following exception and addition:—

- (i) The Rule, recommended by the Board, by which it was proposed to suspend the requirements in regard to labelling and containers for a period of twelve months, subject to compliance with any corresponding provisions of the existing law, has been omitted in view of the fact that the operation of the Act and Rules has been deferred until May 1st, 1936, and sufficient time thus given to all concerned to make the necessary dispositions before the application of the new requirements.
- (ii) Rule 29 (2), which prescribes the fees to be paid to a local authority by persons registering with that authority for the purpose of being entitled to sell poisons in Part II of the Poisons List, has been added. The Board made no recommendations on this point.

I

THE POISONS LIST

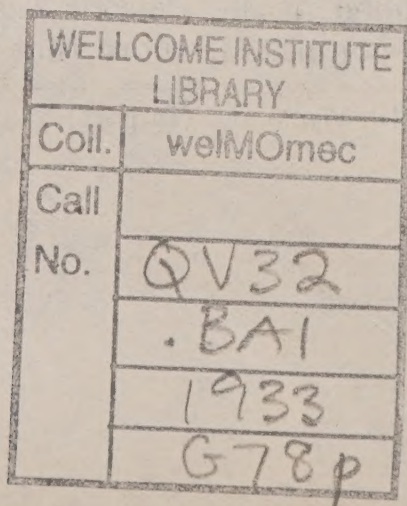
In the construction of this List, unless the contrary intention appears—

- (1) a reference to a substance shall include a reference to that substance prepared either from natural sources or artificially;
- (2) a reference to a substance shall include a reference to that substance when contained as such in any preparation, solution, admixture or natural substance;
- (3) words in the singular shall include the plural, and words in the plural shall include the singular.

PART I.

Acetanilide; alkyl acetanilides
 Acetic acid
 Alkali fluorides other than those specified in Part II of this List
 Alkaloids, the following; their salts, simple or complex:—
 Acetyldihydrocodeinone; its esters
 Aconite, alkaloids of
 Apomorphine
 Atropine
 Belladonna, alkaloids of
 Benzoylmorphine
 Benzylmorphine
 Brucine
 Calabar bean, alkaloids of
 Coca, alkaloids of
 Cocaine
 Codeine
 Colchicine
 Coniine
 Cotarnine

Curarine
 Diacetylmorphine
 Dihydrocodeinone; its esters
 Dihydrohydroxycodeinone; its esters
 Dihydromorphine; its esters
 Dihydromorphinone; its esters
 Ecgonine; its esters
 Emetine
 Ephedra, alkaloids of
 Ergot, alkaloids of
 Ethylmorphine
 Gelsemium, alkaloids of
 Homatropine
 Hyoscine
 Hyoscyamine
 Jaborandi, alkaloids of
 Lobelia, alkaloids of
 Morphine
 Papaverine
 Pomegranate, alkaloids of



PART I—continued.

Alkaloids, &c.—continued.

- Quebracho, alkaloids of, other than the alkaloids of red quebracho
- Sabadilla, alkaloids of
- Solanaceous alkaloids not otherwise included in this List
- Stavesacre, alkaloids of
- Strychnine
- Thebaine
- Veratrum, alkaloids of
- Yohimba, alkaloids of
- Allylisopropylacetylurea
- Amidopyrine
- Amino-alcohols, esterified with benzoic acid, phenylacetic acid, phenylpropionic acid, cinnamic acid or the derivatives of these acids
- Amylene hydrate
- Amyl nitrite
- Antimony, chlorides of; oxides of antimony; sulphides of antimony; antimonates; antimonites; organic compounds of antimony
- Arsenical substances, the following, except those specified in Part II of this List:—arsenic, halides of; oxides of arsenic; arsenates; arsenites; organic compounds of arsenic
- Barbituric acid; its salts; derivatives of barbituric acid; their salts; compounds of barbituric acid, its salts, its derivatives, their salts, with any other substance
- Barium, salts of, other than barium sulphate and the salts of barium specified in Part II of this List
- Butyl chloral hydrate
- Cannabis (the dried flowering or fruiting tops of *Cannabis sativa* Linn.); the resin of cannabis; extracts of cannabis; tinctures of cannabis; cannabin tannate
- Cantharidin; cantharidates
- Carbon tetrachloride
- Chenopodium, oil of
- Chloral formamide
- Chloral hydrate
- Chloroform
- Creosote obtained from wood
- Croton, oil of
- Digitalis, glycosides of; other active principles of digitalis
- Dinitrocresols; dinitronaphthols; dinitrophenols; dinitrothymols
- Elaterin
- Ergot (the sclerotia of any species of *Claviceps*); extracts of ergot; tinctures of ergot
- Erythrityl tetranitrate
- Ethyl bromide; ethyl chloride
- Glyceryl trinitrate
- Gold, salts of; gold, compound salts of
- Guanidines, the following:—polymethylene diguanidines, diparanisylphenetyl guanidine
- Hydrochloric acid
- Hydrocyanic acid; cyanides; double cyanides of mercury and zinc
- Insulin
- Lead acetates; compounds of lead with acids from fixed oils
- Mannityl tetranitrate
- Mercury, oxides of; nitrates of mercury; mercuric ammonium chlorides; potassio - mercuric iodides; mercuric oxycyanides; mercuric thiocyanate
- Nitric acid
- Nitrophenols
- Nux Vomica
- Opium
- Orthocaine; its salts
- Ouabain
- Oxalic acid; metallic oxalates
- Oxycinchonic acid, derivatives of; their salts; their esters
- Paraldehyde
- Para-amino-benzoic acid, esters of; their salts
- Phenetidylphenacetin
- Phenols (any member of the series of phenols of which the first member is phenol and of which the molecular composition varies from member to member by one atom of carbon and two atoms of hydrogen) except in substances, other than lysol or dilutions of lysol, containing less than sixty per cent., weight in weight, of phenols; compounds of phenol with a metal, except in substances containing less than the equivalent of sixty per cent., weight in weight, of phenols
- Phenyleinchonic acid; its salts; its esters



PART I.—*continued.*

Phenylene diamines; toluene diamines; their salts	Savin, oil of
Phenylethyldantoin; its salts; its acyl derivatives; their salts	Sodium nitrite
Phosphorus, yellow	Strophanthus; glycosides of strophanthus
Picric acid	Sulphonal; alkyl sulphonals
Picrotoxin	Suprarenal gland, the active principles of; their salts
Pituitary gland, the active principles of	Thallium, salts of
Potassium nitrite	Thyroid gland, the active principles of; their salts
Santonin; santoninic acid; its salts	Tribromethyl alcohol

PART II.

Ammonia, solutions of	Hydrofluoric acid; potassium fluoride; sodium fluoride; sodium silicofluoride
Arsenical substances, the following:—	Mercuric chloride; mercuric iodide; organic compounds of mercury
Arsenic sulphides	Nicotine; its salts
Arsenious oxide	Nitrobenzene
Calcium arsenates	Phenols as defined in Part I of this List in substances, other than lysol or dilutions of lysol, containing less than sixty per cent., weight in weight, of phenols; compounds of phenol with a metal in substances containing less than the equivalent of sixty per cent., weight in weight, of phenols
Calcium arsenites	Potassium hydroxide
Copper acetoarsenites	Sodium hydroxide
Copper arsenates	Sulphuric acid
Copper arsenites	
Lead arsenates	
Sodium arsenates	
Sodium arsenites	
Sodium thioarsenates	
Barium, salts of, the following:—	
Barium carbonate	
Barium silicofluoride	
Formaldehyde	

(Note.—Several poisons in this List are exempted by the Poisons Rules made by the Secretary of State under the Pharmacy and Poisons Act, 1933, from the application of the Act when present in certain specified substances or articles.)

II

DRAFT POISONS RULES

THE POISONS RULES, 1935, DATED MADE BY
THE SECRETARY OF STATE IN PURSUANCE OF SECTION TWENTY-
THREE OF THE PHARMACY AND POISONS ACT, 1933 (23 & 24
GEO. 5. CH. 25).

ARRANGEMENT OF RULES.

1. Citation and commencement.
2. Interpretation.

Application and Relaxation of Part II of the Act.

3. Restriction of sales by shopkeepers.
4. Exemption of animal medicines.
5. Extension of labelling provisions.
6. Limitation of section 18 (2) to certain substances.
7. Extension of section 18 (2) to sales wholesale, etc., and relaxation of the said subsection.
8. Relaxation of section 19 (3) in the case of certain medicines.
9. Exemption from the provisions relating solely to the First Schedule.
10. Complete exemption for certain articles and poisons.

Additional Restrictions on the Sale of Poisons.

11. Additional restriction of sale of certain poisons.
12. Restriction of sales by listed sellers of Part II poisons.
13. Restriction of sale of strychnine.

Supplementary Provisions with respect to Labelling and Containers.

14. Manner of labelling containers.
15. Labelling of name of poison.
16. Labelling of particulars as to proportion of poison.
17. Indication of character of poison.
18. Special cautions in the case of certain articles.
19. Name of seller and address of premises.
20. Form of containers.

Storage and Transport.

21. Storage of poisons.
22. Transport of poisons.
23. Special provisions with respect to the transport of certain poisons.

Special Provisions with respect to Hospitals.

24. Supply of medicines to out-patients from certain hospitals, etc.
25. Supply of medicines for use in hospitals, etc.
26. Storage of poisons in institutions.

Miscellaneous.

27. Manufacture of pharmaceutical preparations.
28. Addition of dye to certain poisons used in agriculture and horticulture.
29. Lists kept by local authorities.
30. Certificates of persons to whom poisons may be sold.
31. Form of record of sales.
32. Preservation of records.

SCHEDULES.

1. These Rules may be cited as the Poisons Rules, 1935, and shall come into operation on the first day of May, 1936. Citation and commencement.

2.—(1) In these Rules, unless the context otherwise requires, the following expressions have the meaning hereby respectively assigned to them, that is to say— Interpretation.

“ the Act ” means the Pharmacy and Poisons Act, 1933;

“ Animal ” includes poultry;

“ Antimonial poisons ” means chlorides of antimony, oxides of antimony, sulphides of antimony, antimonates, antimonites, and organic compounds of antimony;

“ Arsenical poisons ” means halides of arsenic, oxides of arsenic, sulphides of arsenic, arsenates, arsenites, and organic compounds of arsenic;

“ Food ” includes a beverage;

“ British Pharmaceutical Codex ” and “ British Pharmacopoeia ” respectively include any supplements to those works;

“ Listed seller of Part II poisons ” means a person entitled, subject to the Act and these Rules, to sell poisons included in Part II of the Poisons List by virtue of the entry of his name in a local authority's list kept in pursuance of section 21 of the Act;

“ Mercurial poisons ” means oxides of mercury, nitrates of mercury, mercuric ammonium chlorides, potassio-mercuric iodides, mercuric oxycyanides, mercuric thiocyanate.

(2) In these Rules—

(a) any reference to an alkaloid shall include a reference to any salt of that alkaloid, and, in a case where the esters of an alkaloid are included in the Poisons List by virtue of the words “ its esters ”, to any esters of that alkaloid;

(b) any reference to medicines for the internal treatment of human ailments shall include a reference to gargles, mouthwashes, eye-drops, eye-lotions, ear-drops and douches for naso-pharyngeal, rectal, vaginal or urethral use.

(3) Any reference in the Schedules to these Rules to the percentage of a poison contained in any substance shall, unless otherwise expressly provided, be construed in the following manner, that is to say, a reference to a substance containing one per cent. of any poison means—

(a) in the case of a solid substance, that one gramme of the poison is contained in every hundred grammes of the substance;

(b) in the case of a liquid substance, that one millilitre of the poison, or, if the poison itself is a solid, one gramme of the poison, is contained in every hundred millilitres of the substance;

and so in proportion for any greater or less percentage.

(4) The Interpretation Act, 1889, applies for the purpose of the construction of these Rules as it applies for the purpose of the construction of an Act of Parliament.

Application and Relaxation of Part II of the Act.

Restriction
of sales by
shopkeepers.

3. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 20 of the Act (which exempts from the provisions of Part II of the Act sales by way of wholesale dealing, and sales to certain persons), it shall not be lawful for any shopkeeper to sell poisons on any premises used for or in connection with his retail business unless he is an authorised seller of poisons or a listed seller of Part II poisons and the sale is made in accordance with the provisions of paragraphs (a) and (b) of section 18(1) of the Act.

Exemption
of animal
medicines.

4.—(1) The provisions of the said paragraphs (a) and (b) shall not apply with respect to any of the poisons hereinafter specified if it consists of or is contained in a medicine for the treatment of animals and is sold by a person carrying on a business which comprises the manufacture of medicines for the treatment of animals, and the following requirements are complied with:—

(a) a statement in writing signed by the owner of the business, or, in the case of a corporate body, on behalf of that body, stating the name of the business, the principal place where it is carried on, the name of the person in charge of the sale of poisons, and the premises on which the poisons are to be sold must be furnished prior to the sale to the registrar of the Pharmaceutical Society; and

(b) the sale must be effected on the premises specified in the statement; and

(c) an inspector appointed under section 25 of the Act, must be permitted at all reasonable times to enter the premises and be given all reasonable facilities to make such examination and enquiry and to do such other things (including the taking, on payment therefor, of samples) as may be necessary for ascertaining whether the provisions of the Act and of these Rules are being complied with.

(2) This Rule applies to the following poisons :—

chlorides of antimony, sulphides of antimony, belladonna, the alkaloids of belladonna, cantharidin, carbon tetrachloride, oil of chenopodium, chloral hydrate, croton oil, mercuric iodide, mercuric oxide, santonin

and no other poison.

5. The provisions of paragraph (c) of section 18(1) of the Act (which provides for the labelling of poisons) and the provisions of these Rules relating to the labelling of poisons shall, notwithstanding anything in section 20 of the Act, apply with respect to the sale of any poisons in the circumstances specified in paragraphs (1), (3), (4) and (5) of the said section 20; and shall also apply with respect to the supply of poisons (otherwise than by sale) in like manner as if references in the said provisions to the sale and the seller of poisons included references to the supply and the supplier of poisons respectively.

Extension of
labelling
provisions.

6. The provisions of section 18(2) of the Act (which makes provision as to persons to whom poisons may be sold and to the keeping of records of sales) shall apply to all substances in the First Schedule to these Rules, whether or not they consist of or contain poisons included in Part I of the Poisons List, and shall not apply to any other substance :

Limitation
of section
18 (2) to
certain
substances.

Provided that paragraph (a) of the said section 18(2) of the Act shall, in its application to sales by listed sellers of Part II poisons, be deemed to be satisfied if the person to whom the substance is sold is known by the person in charge of the premises on which the substance is sold or of the department of the business in which the sale is effected to be a person to whom the poison may properly be sold.

7.—(1) The provisions of the said section 18(2) as modified by the last foregoing Rule shall, notwithstanding anything in section 20 of the Act, apply with respect to the sale of poisons in the circumstances specified in paragraphs (1), (3), (4) and (5) of the said section 20 and shall also apply to the supply, otherwise than by sale, of commercial samples consisting of or containing any substance included in the First Schedule to these Rules :

Extension of
section 18(2)
to sales
wholesale
etc. and
relaxation
of the said
subsection.

Provided that the said provisions shall not apply with respect to the sale or supply of any article by the manufacturer thereof or by a person carrying on a business in the course of which poisons are regularly sold by way of wholesale dealing, if—

(a) the article is sold or supplied to a person carrying on a trade or business in the course of which poisons are regularly sold or are regularly used in the manufacture of other articles ; and

- (b) the seller or supplier is reasonably satisfied that the purchaser requires the article for the purpose of his trade or business.

(2) Paragraph (a) of the said section 18 (2) shall, in its application to the sale of poisons in the circumstances specified as aforesaid and to the supply of such commercial samples as aforesaid, be deemed to be satisfied if the person to whom the poison or sample is sold or supplied is known by the person in charge of the department of the business through which the sale or supply is effected to be a person to whom the poison or sample may properly be sold or supplied.

(3) So much of paragraph (b) of the said section 18 (2) as requires an entry in a book to be signed by the purchaser of the poison shall not, as respects the sale of the poison to a person for the purposes of his trade, business or profession, apply if the following requirements are satisfied—

- (a) the seller must obtain before the completion of the sale an order in writing signed by the purchaser stating his name and address, trade, business or profession, the name and quantity of the article to be purchased, and the purpose for which the poison is required;
- (b) the seller must be reasonably satisfied that the signature is that of the person purporting to have signed the order, and that that person carries on the trade, business or profession stated in the order, being one in which the poison to be purchased is used;
- (c) if the article sold is sent by post, it must be sent by registered post;
- (d) the seller must insert in the entry prescribed by Rule 31 of these Rules the words “signed order” and a reference number by which the order can be identified:

Provided that where a person represents that he urgently requires a poison for the purpose of his trade, business or profession, the seller may, if he is reasonably satisfied that the person so requires the poison and is, by reason of some emergency, unable before delivery either to furnish to the seller an order in writing duly signed or to attend and sign the entry in the book, deliver the poison to the purchaser on an undertaking by the purchaser to furnish such an order within the twenty-four hours next following.

If any purchaser by whom any such undertaking has been given fails to deliver to the seller a signed order in accordance with the undertaking, or if any person for the purpose of obtaining delivery of any poison under the foregoing proviso makes a statement which is to his knowledge false, he shall be deemed to have contravened the provisions of this Rule.

(4) Such of the provisions of this Rule as require the purchaser to state his trade, business or profession and the seller to be satisfied with respect thereto, shall not apply in the case of a sale to any hospital, infirmary, dispensary or clinic, and for the reference in the proviso to the foregoing paragraph to the purposes of the purchaser's trade, business or profession, there shall be substituted, in the case of any such sale, a reference to the purposes of medical, dental or veterinary treatment.

8.—(1) The requirements mentioned in section 19 (3) of the Act (which requires particulars of medicines supplied or dispensed under that section to be entered in a book) need not be satisfied in the case of any medicine, not being a medicine consisting of or containing any substance included in the First Schedule to these Rules, which is supplied by—

Relaxation
of section
19 (3) in the
case of
certain
medicines.

- (a) a duly qualified medical practitioner for the purposes of medical treatment; or
- (b) an authorised seller of poisons on and in accordance with a prescription given by a duly qualified medical practitioner.

(2) The said requirements need not be satisfied in the case of any medicine which is supplied on and in accordance with a prescription given by a duly qualified medical practitioner upon a form issued by a local authority (whether a local authority as defined in the Act or not) for use in connection with a health service of that authority, and the following requirements shall have effect in lieu thereof—

- (a) the prescription or a true copy thereof shall be kept upon the premises upon which the medicine was dispensed for a period of at least two years in such a manner as to be readily available for inspection; and
- (b) the prescription or copy shall bear on it particulars of the date of dispensing, the ingredients and quantity of the medicine supplied, and the name of the person by whom, the name and address of the person to whom, and the date on which the prescription was given.

(3) Except as is provided by this Rule and by Rules 11, 18 and 20, no restrictions or requirements imposed by these Rules shall apply with respect to medicines, or poisons forming part of the ingredients of medicines, which are supplied or dispensed by the persons mentioned in section 19 of the Act and in accordance with the provisions of that section.

9. Such of the provisions of these Rules, and of Part II of the Act as modified by these Rules, as applies solely to the substances included in the First Schedule to these Rules, shall not apply to—

Exemption
from the
provisions
relating
solely to the
First
Schedule

- (a) machine-spread plasters; or
- (b) surgical dressings; or

(c) articles containing barium carbonate and prepared for the destruction of vermin ; or

(d) corn paints in which the only poison is a poison included in the Poisons List under the heading of “ Cannabis ”.

10. Nothing in these Rules or in Part II of the Act shall apply with respect to—

(a) any article included in Part I of the Second Schedule to these Rules ; or

(b) any poison specified in the first column of Part II of the said Schedule when contained in or consisting of the article or substance specified in the second column opposite the description of the poison.

Additional restrictions on the sale of poisons.

11.—(1) It shall not be lawful to sell any poison included in the Third Schedule to these Rules, except on and in accordance with a prescription given by a duly qualified medical practitioner, registered dentist or registered veterinary surgeon in the form provided by this Rule.

(2) This Rule shall apply to the sale of any such poison, notwithstanding that it consists of or is an ingredient of a medicine dispensed or supplied in the circumstances specified in paragraphs (b) and (c) of section 19 (1) of the Act and in accordance with the provisions of that section, but shall not apply to the sale of any such poison in the circumstances specified in section 20 of the Act.

(3) For the purposes of this Rule a prescription shall—

(a) be in writing and be signed by the person giving it with his usual signature and be dated by him ;

(b) except in the case of a health prescription, specify the address of the person giving it ;

(c) specify the name and address of the person for whose treatment it is given or, if the prescription is given by a veterinary surgeon, of the person to whom the medicine is to be delivered ;

(d) have written thereon, if given by a dentist, the words “ For dental treatment only ” or, if given by a veterinary surgeon, the words “ For animal treatment only ” ;

(e) indicate the total amount of the medicine to be supplied and the dose to be taken.

(4) The person dispensing the prescription shall comply with the following requirements—

(a) the prescription shall not be dispensed more than once unless the prescriber has stated thereon that it may be dispensed more than once ;

Complete exemption for certain articles and poisons.

Additional restriction of sale of certain poisons.

- (b) if the prescription contains a direction that it may be dispensed a stated number of times or at stated intervals, it shall not be dispensed otherwise than in accordance with the direction ;
- (c) at the time of dispensing there shall be noted on the face of the prescription above the signature of the prescriber the name and address of the seller and the date on which the prescription is dispensed ;
- (d) except in the case of a health prescription or a prescription which may be dispensed again, the prescription shall, for a period of two years, be retained and kept on the premises on which it was dispensed in such manner as to be readily available for inspection.

(5) In this Rule “ health prescription ” means a prescription given by a duly qualified medical practitioner under and in accordance with the Acts relating to national health insurance, or given by a duly qualified medical practitioner upon a form issued by a local authority (whether a local authority as defined in the Act or not) for use in connection with a health service of that authority.

12.—(1) No listed seller of Part II poisons shall sell any substance included in the First Schedule to these Rules unless—

Restriction
of sales by
listed sellers
of Part II
poisons.

- (a) he is a nurseryman, seedsman, corn chandler, ironmonger, agricultural or horticultural sundriesman, and carries on a regular business in agricultural or horticultural accessories ; and

- (b) the sale is effected by himself or by a responsible deputy.

In this paragraph the expression “ responsible deputy ” means a person nominated as a deputy on the seller’s form of application, as hereinafter prescribed, for entry as a listed seller of Part II poisons, or any person substituted, by notice in writing to the local authority, for a person so nominated, and not more than two deputies shall be nominated at the same time in respect of one set of premises.

(2) No listed seller of Part II poisons shall sell—

- (a) any poison included in the first column of the Fourth Schedule to these Rules unless the poison consists of or is contained in any of the substances mentioned against the description of the poison in the second column of that Schedule, and the container of the substance is, in addition to any other direction of the Act or of these Rules with respect to labelling, labelled clearly with a notice of the special purpose for which the substance is intended, and a warning that it is only to be used for that purpose ;
- (b) any arsenical poison, other than lead arsenate and calcium arsenate, any mercuric chloride, mercuric iodide or any

compounds of mercury, unless the purchaser thereof is engaged in the trade or business of agriculture or horticulture and requires the poison for the purpose of that trade or business.

(3) No listed seller of Part II poisons shall sell any poison except in a closed container as closed by the manufacturer or other person from whom the poison was obtained.

Restriction
of sale of
strychnine.

13. It shall not be lawful to sell or supply strychnine except as an ingredient in a medicine.

Provided that this Rule shall not apply to the sale of strychnine—

- (a) by way of wholesale dealing ; or
- (b) to be exported to purchasers outside the United Kingdom ;
or
- (c) for the purpose of being compounded in medicines prescribed or administered by a duly qualified medical practitioner or registered veterinary surgeon ; or
- (d) to a person or institution concerned with scientific education or research or chemical analysis, for the purposes of that education, research or analysis.

Supplementary Provisions with respect to Labelling and Containers.

Manner of
labelling
containers.

14.—(1) Subject to the provisions of these Rules, the particulars with which the container of a poison is required to be labelled under paragraph (c) of section 18 (1) of the Act and under these Rules, shall appear in a conspicuous position on the container in which the poison is sold and on every box or other covering of whatever nature enclosing the container, and the particulars shall be clearly and distinctly set out and not in any way obscured or obliterated.

(2) Where the poison is contained in an ampoule, cachet, or similar article, it shall not be necessary to label the article itself, if every box or other covering in which the article is enclosed is duly labelled.

(3) Nothing in the said paragraph (c) or in these Rules shall require the labelling of any transparent cover or any wrapper, hamper, packing case, crate or other covering used solely for the purposes of transport or delivery.

Labelling of
name of
poison.

15.—(1) Subject as hereinafter provided, the name of a poison shall, for the purpose of provisions relating to labelling, be the term under which it is included in the Poisons List :

Provided that—

- (a) where the said term describes a group of poisons and not the poison specifically, the name of the poison shall be—
 - (i) if the poison is the subject of a monograph in either the British Pharmacopoeia or the

British Pharmaceutical Codex, one or other of the names or synonyms set out at the head of the monograph, and

- (ii) in any other case, the accepted scientific name or name descriptive of the true nature and origin of the poison.

(2) Notwithstanding anything in the foregoing provision, if the poison consists of, or is contained in, any preparation in the British Pharmacopoeia, or the Formulary of the British Pharmaceutical Codex, or any dilution or admixture of such a preparation, the name of the poison may, for the purposes of this Rule, be the name or synonym or abbreviated name used to describe the preparation in the British Pharmacopoeia or the Formulary of the British Pharmaceutical Codex, with the addition of the letters B.P., or B.P.C., as the case may be.

16.—(1) The label of the container of a preparation which contains a poison as one of its ingredients shall include a statement of the proportion, whether stated as a percentage or not, which the poison bears to the total ingredients of the preparation, and where the proportion is stated as a percentage, the container shall be so labelled as to indicate whether the percentage is calculated on a basis of weight in weight, weight in volume, or volume in volume.

Labelling of particulars as to proportion of poison.

(2) In the case of a preparation in the British Pharmacopoeia or the Formulary of the British Pharmaceutical Codex which is named in accordance with sub-paragraph (2) of the last foregoing Rule, it shall not be necessary to state on the label the proportion of poison contained in the preparation, and in the case of any dilution or admixture of such a preparation, it shall be sufficient to state the proportion which the preparation bears to the total ingredients of the dilution or admixture.

(3) Where the poison is in tablets, pills, cachets, capsules, lozenges or similar articles, or in ampoules, it shall be sufficient if the label of the box or other covering in which the articles are enclosed states the number of the articles and the amount of the poison, or in the case of such a preparation as is mentioned in the last foregoing paragraph, the amount of the preparation, contained in each article.

17.—(1) In pursuance of paragraph (c) (iii) of section 18 (1) of the Act (which requires the containers of poisons to be labelled with the word “poison” or other prescribed indication of character), the container of any article specified in the Fifth Schedule to these Rules, shall, instead of being labelled with the word “poison” be labelled with the words specified in the said Schedule as applicable to that article.

Indication of character of poison.

(2) The said words or the word “poison,” as the case may be, shall not be modified in meaning by the addition of any other words or marks, and shall—

- (a) in the case of a substance included in the First Schedule to these Rules, either be in red lettering or be set against a red background; and
- (b) in all cases either be on a separate label or be surrounded by a line within which there shall be no other words except words with which the container of the poison is required to be labelled under the Act or these Rules.

Special
cautions in
the case of
certain
articles.

18.—(1) It shall not be lawful—

- (a) to sell or supply any liquid poison, other than a medicine, in a bottle of a capacity of not more than 120 fluid ounces, unless the bottle is labelled with the words “Not to be taken.”;
- (b) to sell or supply any poison consisting of or contained in any embrocation, liniment, lotion, liquid antiseptic, liquid disinfectant, or other medicine for external application, unless the container is labelled with the name of the article and the words “Not to be taken internally.”;
- (c) to sell or supply any compressed hydrocyanic acid, unless the container is labelled with the words “Warning. This container holds poisonous gas and should only be opened and used by persons having expert knowledge of the precautions to be taken in its use.”.

(2) This Rule shall be in addition to the other requirements of the Act and of these Rules with respect to labelling and shall apply to medicines and poisons dispensed or supplied in accordance with section 19 of the Act, but shall not apply with respect to the sale or supply of poisons to be exported to purchasers outside the United Kingdom.

Name of
seller and
address of
premises.

19.—(1) The provisions of paragraph (c) (iv) of section 18 (1) of the Act (which requires the container of a poison to be labelled with the name of the seller and the address of the premises on which it was sold) shall not apply in the case of an article sold for the purpose of being sold again in the same container.

(2) The requirements of the said paragraph shall be deemed to be satisfied, in the case of a poison supplied from a warehouse or depot, if the container of the poison is labelled with the address of the supplier's principal place of business or, in the case of a limited company, of the registered office of the company.

(3) Where any poison (other than a substance included in the First Schedule to these Rules) is sold in a container and outer covering, being the container and covering in which it was obtained

by the seller, it shall be sufficient if the name of the seller and the address of the premises on which it was sold appear only on the outer covering.

(4) Where the names of more than one person or more than one address appear on any label, there shall also be words on the label indicating clearly which person is the seller and at which of the addresses the poison was sold.

20.—(1) It shall not be lawful to sell, whether wholesale or retail, or supply any poison unless— Form of containers.

(a) it is contained in a container impervious to the poison and sufficiently stout to prevent leakage arising from the ordinary risks of handling and transport; and

(b) in the case of a liquid contained in a glass bottle of a capacity of not more than 120 fluid ounces, not being a liquid made up ready to be taken for the internal treatment of human ailments, the outer surface of the bottle is fluted vertically with ribs or grooves recognisable by touch.

(2) This Rule shall apply to medicines and poisons dispensed or supplied in accordance with section 19 of the Act, but sub-paragraph (b) of the foregoing paragraph shall not apply to the sale or supply of poisons to be exported to purchasers outside the United Kingdom or the sale or supply of poisons to a person or institution concerned with scientific education or research for the purposes of that education or research.

Storage and Transport.

21.—(1) It shall not be lawful to store any poison except in a container impervious to the poison and sufficiently stout to prevent leakage from the container arising from the ordinary risks of handling and transport. Storage of poisons.

(2) It shall not be lawful to store any substance included in the First Schedule to these Rules in any retail shop or premises used in connection therewith unless the substance is stored—

(a) in a cupboard or drawer reserved solely for the storage of poisons; or

(b) in a part of the premises which is partitioned off or otherwise separated from the remainder of the premises and to which customers are not permitted to have access; or

(c) on a shelf reserved solely for the storage of poisons and—

(i) no food is kept directly under the shelf, and

(ii) the container of the substance is rendered distinguishable by touch from the containers of articles and substances other than poisons stored upon the same premises:

Provided that, in the case of any such substance to be used in agriculture or horticulture, it shall not be lawful to store the substance on any shelf, or in any such part of the premises as aforesaid if food is kept in that part, or in any cupboard or drawer unless the cupboard or drawer is reserved solely for the storage of poisons to be used as aforesaid.

Transport
of poisons.

22. It shall not be lawful to consign any poison for transport unless it is sufficiently stoutly packed to avoid leakage arising from the ordinary risks of handling and transport.

Special
provisions
with respect
to the
transport of
certain
poisons.

23.—(1) It shall not be lawful to consign for transport by a carrier any substance or article, other than a medicine, consisting of or containing any poison included in the Sixth Schedule to these Rules, unless the package containing the substance or article is labelled conspicuously with the name of the poison and a notice indicating that it is to be kept separate from foodstuffs and from empty containers in which foodstuffs have been contained.

(2) It shall not be lawful for any person knowingly to transport any such substance or article as aforesaid, either on his own behalf or for another person, in any vehicle in which food is being transported, unless the food is carried in a part of the vehicle effectively separated from that containing the substance or article, or is otherwise adequately protected from the risk of contamination.

Special provisions with respect to hospitals.

Supply of
medicines to
out-patients
from certain
hospitals,
etc.

24.—(1) The provisions of Part II of the Act and of these Rules shall not apply with respect to—

(a) any medicine for the treatment of human ailments dispensed from a hospital, infirmary or dispensary maintained by any public authority, or out of public funds, or by a charity, or from any institution approved by the Minister of Health for the purposes of section 24 (4) of the National Health Insurance Act, 1924;

(b) any medicine for the treatment of animals supplied from a veterinary hospital which is under the superintendence of a registered veterinary surgeon;

but the requirements contained in the following provisions of this Rule shall be satisfied in relation thereto.

(2) The medicine shall only be supplied by, or on and in accordance with a prescription of, a duly qualified medical practitioner for the purposes of medical treatment, or a registered dentist for the purposes of dental treatment, or a registered veterinary surgeon for the purposes of animal treatment.

(3) In a case where a substance included in the First Schedule to these Rules is supplied, a record shall be kept on the premises in such a way that there can readily be traced at any time during

a period of two years after the date on which the substance was supplied the following particulars :—

- (a) the name and quantity of the poison supplied ; and
- (b) the date on which the poison was supplied ; and
- (c) the name and address of the person to whom the poison was supplied ; and
- (d) the name of the person who supplied the poison or who gave the prescription upon which it was supplied :

Provided that this paragraph shall not apply to a medicine supplied on and in accordance with a prescription given by a duly qualified medical practitioner under and in accordance with the Acts relating to national health insurance.

(4) The container of the medicine shall be labelled—

- (a) with the name and address of the hospital, infirmary, dispensary or institution from which it was supplied ;
- (b) except in the case of a medicine made up ready for internal treatment, with the word “ Poison.” ;
- (c) in the case of a poison supplied from a veterinary hospital, with the words “ For animal treatment only.”.

25.—(1) This and the next following Rule apply to any hospital, infirmary, dispensary, clinic, nursing home or other institution at which human ailments are treated (hereinafter referred to as “ an institution ”).

Supply of medicines for use in hospitals, etc.

(2) In any institution in which medicines are dispensed in a dispensing or pharmaceutical department in charge of a person appointed for that purpose, no medicine containing a poison shall be supplied from that department, except in cases of emergency, for use in the wards, operating theatres or other sections of the institution, except in accordance with the requirements contained in the following provisions of this Rule.

(3) The medicines shall only be supplied upon a written order signed by a duly qualified medical practitioner, registered dentist, or by a sister or nurse in charge of a ward, theatre or other section of the institution.

(4) The container of the medicine shall be labelled—

- (a) with words describing its contents ;
- (b) in the case of substances included in the First Schedule to these Rules, with a distinguishing mark or other indication indicating that the poison is to be stored in a cupboard reserved solely for the storage of poisons.

26.—(1) The requirements contained in this Rule shall apply to the storage of poisons in institutions.

Storage of poisons in institutions.

(2) In any institution in which medicines are dispensed in a dispensing or pharmaceutical department in charge of a person appointed for the purpose, all poisons other than those issued for use within the institution shall be stored in that department.

(3) In any institution to which the foregoing paragraph does not apply all poisons other than those issued for use within the institution shall be stored—

(a) in charge of a person appointed for the purpose by the governing body or person in control of the institution; and

(b) in the case of poisons which are included in the First Schedule to these Rules either in a cupboard or drawer, or on a shelf, reserved solely for the storage of poisons :

Provided that, where a poison is stored on a shelf, the container of the poison shall be rendered distinguishable by touch from the containers of articles other than poisons stored on the same premises.

(4) In every institution, every substance included in the First Schedule to these Rules which is stored in the wards shall be stored in a cupboard reserved solely for the storage of poisons and poisonous substances.

(5) All places in which poisons are required by this Rule to be stored shall be inspected at regular intervals of time not exceeding three months by a pharmacist or by some other person appointed for the purpose by the governing body or person in control of the institution.

Miscellaneous.

Manufacture
of pharma-
ceutical
preparations.

27. In all establishments in which pharmaceutical preparations containing any poison are manufactured for the purpose of the internal treatment of human ailments, the preparations shall be manufactured by, or under the supervision of—

(a) a registered pharmacist; or

(b) a fellow or associate of the Institute of Chemistry; or

(c) a duly qualified medical practitioner; or

(d) a person who, for a continuous period of at least three years before the date on which these Rules come into operation, was continuously engaged in the manufacture of pharmaceutical preparations containing poisons and prepared for the internal treatment of human ailments, and has furnished to the registrar of the Pharmaceutical Society a statement in writing, verified by a statutory declaration, to that effect.

Addition of
dye to
certain
poisons used
in agricul-
ture and
horticulture.

28. It shall not be lawful to sell any substance or article consisting of or containing any arsenical poison, salts of barium, cyanides or salts of thallium, and intended to be used for the destruction of bacteria, fungi, insects, vermin, or as weed killers, unless a dye of a distinctive colour and soluble in water has been added thereto :

Provided that this Rule shall not apply to—

- (a) sheep dips which are already of a distinctive colour or any poisons which are of themselves already of a distinctive colour; or
- (b) articles or substances to be exported to purchasers outside the United Kingdom.

29.—(1) Every application made to a local authority for the entry of a name on the list kept by the authority in pursuance of section 21 (1) of the Act, being a list of persons entitled, subject to the provisions of the Act and of these Rules, to sell poisons included in Part II of the Poisons List, shall be made in the form set out in the Seventh Schedule to these Rules. Lists kept by local authorities.

(2) The following fees shall be paid to a local authority by every person whose name is entered on the list kept by that authority—

- (a) in respect of the entry of his name in the list, a fee of seven shillings and six pence;
- (b) in respect of the making of any alteration in the list in relation to the premises on which he is entitled to sell, a fee of one shilling;
- (c) in respect of the retention of his name on the list in any year subsequent to the year in which his name is first entered therein, a fee of five shillings.

(3) The said list shall be kept in the form set out in the Eighth Schedule to these Rules.

30.—(1) A certificate given for the purposes of paragraph (a) of section 18 (2) of the Act, being a certificate certifying a person to be a person to whom a poison may properly be sold, shall be in the form, and shall contain the particulars, set out in the Ninth Schedule to these Rules. Certificates of persons to whom poisons may be sold.

(2) All householders are hereby authorised to give such certificates as aforesaid:

Provided that a certificate given by a householder who is not known to the seller of the poison to be a responsible person of good character shall not be a sufficient certificate for the purposes of the said paragraph unless it is endorsed in the manner specified in the said Ninth Schedule by a police officer in charge of a police station.

(3) On any sale of a poison upon such a certificate as aforesaid, the certificate shall be retained by the seller.

31. The particulars of sales of poisons which are required by paragraph (b) of section 18 (2) of the Act to be entered in a book shall be entered in the form set out in the Tenth Schedule to these Rules. Form of record of sales.

32. All books kept for the purposes of Part II of the Act shall be preserved on the premises on which the sales recorded therein were made for a period of two years from the date on which the last entry was made therein. Preservation of records.

SCHEDULES.

FIRST SCHEDULE.

Substances falling within the Poisons List to which special restrictions apply.

Alkaloids, the following; their salts, simple or complex:—

- Acetyldihydrocodeinone
- Aconite, alkaloids of, except substances containing less than 0·02 per cent. of the alkaloids of aconite
- Apomorphine except substances containing less than 0·2 per cent. of apomorphine
- Atropine except substances containing less than 0·15 per cent. of atropine
- Belladonna, alkaloids of, except substances containing less than 0·15 per cent. of the alkaloids of belladonna calculated as hyoscyamine
- Benzoylmorphine
- Benzylmorphine
- Brucine except substances containing less than 0·2 per cent. of brucine
- Calabar bean, alkaloids of
- Coca, alkaloids of, except substances containing less than 0·1 per cent. of the alkaloids of coca
- Cocaine except substances containing less than 0·1 per cent. of cocaine
- Codeine except substances containing less than one per cent. of codeine
- Colchicine except substances containing less than 0·5 per cent. of colchicine
- Coniine except substances containing less than 0·1 per cent. of coniine
- Cotarnine except substances containing less than 0·2 per cent. of cotarnine
- Curarine
- Diacetylmorphine
- Dihydrocodeinone
- Dihydrohydroxycodeinone
- Dihydromorphine
- Dihydromorphinone
- Ecgonine except substances containing less than 0·1 per cent. of ecgonine
- Emetine except substances containing less than one per cent. of emetine
- Ergot, alkaloids of
- Ethylmorphine except substances containing less than 0·2 per cent. of ethylmorphine
- Gelsemium, alkaloids of, except substances containing less than 0·1 per cent. of the alkaloids of gelsemium
- Homatropine except substances containing less than 0·15 per cent. of homatropine
- Hyoscine except substances containing less than 0·15 per cent. of hyoscine
- Hyoscyamine except substances containing less than 0·15 per cent. of hyoscyamine
- Jaborandi, alkaloids of, except substances containing less than 0·5 per cent. of the alkaloids of jaborandi
- Lobelia, alkaloids of
- Morphine except substances containing less than 0·2 per cent. of morphine calculated as anhydrous morphine
- Nicotine
- Papaverine except substances containing less than one per cent. of papaverine

FIRST SCHEDULE—*continued*.

- Pomegranate, alkaloids of, except substances containing less than 0·5 per cent. of the alkaloids of pomegranate
- Quebracho, alkaloids of
- Sabadilla, alkaloids of, except substances containing less than one per cent. of the alkaloids of sabadilla
- Solanaceous alkaloids, not otherwise included in this Schedule, except substances containing less than 0·15 per cent. of solanaceous alkaloids calculated as hyoscyamine
- Stavesacre, alkaloids of, except substances containing less than 0·2 per cent. of the alkaloids of stavesacre
- Strychnine except substances containing less than 0·2 per cent. of strychnine
- Thebaine except substances containing less than one per cent. of thebaine
- Veratrum, alkaloids of, except substances containing less than one per cent. of the alkaloids of veratrum
- Yohimba, alkaloids of
- Allylisopropylacetylurea
- Amino-alcohols, esterified with benzoic acid, phenylacetic acid, phenylpropionic acid, cinnamic acid or the derivatives of these acids, except in substances containing less than ten per cent. of esterified amino-alcohols
- Antimonial poisons except substances containing less than the equivalent of one per cent. of antimony trioxide
- Arsenical poisons except substances containing less arsenical poison than the equivalent of 0·01 per cent. of arsenic trioxide
- Barbituric acid; its salts; derivatives of barbituric acid; their salts; compounds of barbituric acid, its salts, its derivatives, their salts, with any other substance
- Barium, salts of
- Cannabis; the resin of cannabis; extracts of cannabis; tinctures of cannabis; cannabin tannate
- Cantharidin except substances containing less than 0·01 per cent. of cantharidin
- Cantharidates except substances containing less than the equivalent of 0·01 per cent. of cantharidin
- Digitalis, glycosides of, except substances containing less than one unit of activity (as defined in the British Pharmacopoeia) in two grammes of the substance
- Dinitrocresols; dinitronaphthols; dinitrophenols; dinitrothymols
- Ergot; extracts of ergot; tinctures of ergot
- Guanidines, the following:—polymethylene diguanidines, dipara-anisylphenetyl guanidine
- Hydrocyanic acid except substances containing less than 0·1 per cent. of hydrocyanic acid (HCN); cyanides except substances containing less than the equivalent of 0·1 per cent., weight in weight, of hydrocyanic acid (HCN); double cyanides of mercury and zinc
- Lead acetates; compounds of lead with acids from fixed oils
- Mercuric chloride except substances containing less than one per cent. of mercuric chloride; nitrates of mercury except substances containing less than the equivalent of three per cent., weight in weight, of mercury (Hg); potassio-mercuric iodides except substances containing less than the equivalent of one per cent. of mercuric iodide; organic compounds of mercury except substances containing less than the equivalent of 0·2 per cent., weight in weight, of mercury (Hg)
- Nitrophenols
- Nux Vomica except substances containing less than 0·2 per cent. of strychnine
- Opium except substances containing less than 0·2 per cent. of morphine calculated as anhydrous morphine

FIRST SCHEDULE—*continued*.

Ouabain
 Oxycinchoninic acid, derivatives of; their salts; their esters
 Phenetidylphenacetin
 Phenylcinchoninic acid; its salts; its esters
 Phenylethylhydantoin; its salts; its acyl derivatives; their salts
 Picrotoxin
 Savin, oil of
 Strophanthus, glycosides of
 Thallium, salts of
 Tribromethyl alcohol

SECOND SCHEDULE.

Articles exempted by Rule 10 from the provisions of the Act and Rules.

PART I.

GENERAL EXEMPTIONS.

Adhesives; anti-fouling compositions; builders' materials; ceramics; distempers; electrical valves; enamels; explosives; fillers; fireworks; glazes; glue; lacquer solvents; loading materials; marking inks; matches; motor fuels and lubricants; paints other than pharmaceutical paints; photographic paper; pigments; plastics; propellants; polishes; rubber; varnishes.

PART II.

SPECIAL EXEMPTIONS.

<i>Poison.</i>	<i>Substance or article in which exempted.</i>
Acetanilide; alkyl acetanilides	Substances not being preparations for the treatment of human ailments
Acetic acid	Substances containing less than ninety-nine per cent., weight in weight, of acetic acid (CH_3COOH)
Alkaloids	
Emetine	Substances containing less than 0.05 per cent. of emetine
Ephedra, alkaloids of	Substances containing less than one per cent. of the alkaloids of ephedra
Jaborandi, alkaloids of	Substances containing less than 0.025 per cent. of the alkaloids of jaborandi
Lobelia, alkaloids of	Substances containing less than 0.1 per cent. of the alkaloids of lobelia
Nicotine	Tobacco
Pomegranate, alkaloids of	Pomegranate bark
Stavesacre	Soaps; ointments
Ammonia, solutions of	Liquids containing less than five per cent., weight in weight, of ammonia (NH_3); refrigerators; smelling bottles
Carbon tetrachloride	Substances not being preparations for the treatment of human or animal ailments
Chenopodium, oil of	Substances containing less than two per cent. of oil of chenopodium
Chloroform	Substances containing less than six per cent. of chloroform
Creosote obtained from wood	Substances containing less than fifty per cent. of creosote obtained from wood

SECOND SCHEDULE—*continued.*

<i>Poison.</i>	<i>Substance or article in which exempted.</i>
Formaldehyde	Substances containing less than five per cent., weight in weight, of formaldehyde ($\text{H}.\text{CHO}$); photographic glazing or hardening solutions
Gold, salts of	Photographic toning or fixing solutions
Hydrochloric acid	Substances containing less than nine per cent., weight in weight, of hydrochloric acid (HCl)
Lead acetate	Substances containing less than four per cent. of lead acetate
Lead, compounds of	Machine-spread plasters
Mercuric chloride	Batteries
Mercuric chloride; mercuric iodide; organic compounds of mercury	Dressings on seeds or bulbs
Mercury, nitrates of	Ointments containing less than the equivalent of three per cent., weight in weight, of mercury (Hg)
Nitric acid	Substances containing less than nine per cent., weight in weight, of nitric acid (HNO_3)
Nitrobenzene	Substances containing less than 0.1 per cent. of nitrobenzene
Phenols	Carvacrol; coal tar, crude or refined; creosote obtained from coal tar; essential oils in which phenols occur naturally; medicines containing less than one per cent. of phenols; nasal sprays, mouthwashes, pastilles, lozenges, capsules, pessaries, ointments, or suppositories containing less than 2.5 per cent of phenols; smelling bottles; soaps for washing; tooth powders; tooth pastes; disinfecting powders containing less than twenty-five per cent. of phenols tertiary butyl-cresol; thymol
Picric acid	Substances containing less than five per cent. of picric acid
Potassium hydroxide	Substances containing less than four per cent. of potassium hydroxide
Sodium fluoride	Substances containing less than three per cent. of sodium fluoride as a preservative
Sodium hydroxide	Substances containing less than four per cent. of sodium hydroxide
Sodium silicofluoride	Substances containing less than three per cent. of sodium silicofluoride as a preservative
Sulphuric acid	Substances containing less than nine per cent., weight in weight, of sulphuric acid (H_2SO_4); accumulators; batteries; fire extinguishers.

THIRD SCHEDULE.

Substances required by Rule 11 to be sold by retail only upon a prescription given by a qualified medical practitioner, registered dentist or registered veterinary surgeon.

Barbituric acid; its salts; derivatives of barbituric acid; their salts; compounds of barbituric acid, its salts, its derivatives, their salts, with any other substance

Dinitrocresols; dinitronaphthols; dinitrophenols; dinitrothymols

Phenylcinchoninic acid; its salts; its esters

Sulphonals; alkyl sulphonals.

FOURTH SCHEDULE.

Form to which the substances specified are restricted when sold by listed sellers of Part II poisons (Rule 12 (2) (a)).

<i>Poison.</i>	<i>Form to which sale is restricted.</i>
Arsenical substances—	
Arsenious oxide	Sheep dips, sheep washes
Arsenic sulphides	„ „
Calcium arsenates	Agricultural and horticultural insecticides or fungicides
Calcium arsenites	„ „ „ „
Copper acetoarsenite	„ „ „ „
Copper arsenates	„ „ „ „
Copper arsenites	„ „ „ „
Lead arsenates	„ „ „ „
Sodium arsenates	Sheep dips, sheep washes
Sodium arsenites	„ „
Sodium thioarsenates	„ „
Barium carbonate	Preparations for the destruction of rats and mice
Mercurial substances—	
Mercuric chloride	Agricultural and horticultural fungicides, seed and bulb dressings, insecticides
Mercuric iodide	Agricultural and horticultural fungicides, seed and bulb dressings
Organic compounds of mercury	„ „ „ „
Nitrobenzene	Substances for the treatment of bee disease

FIFTH SCHEDULE.

Indication of character prescribed by Rule 17 for the purposes of section 18 (1) (c) (iii) of the Act.

1. To be labelled with the words "*Caution. It is dangerous to take this preparation except under medical supervision.*":—

Medicines made up ready for the internal treatment of human ailments and consisting of or containing any of the following poisons:—

Allylisopropylacetylurea

Amidopyrine

Insulin

Phenylethylhydantoin; its salts; its acyl derivatives; their salts

Pituitary gland, the active principles of

Thyroid gland, the active principles of; their salts

2. To be labelled with the words "*Caution. It is dangerous to exceed the stated dose.*"

Medicines made up ready for the internal treatment of human ailments which neither consist of substances in the First Schedule nor consist of or contain any poison included in paragraph 1 of this Schedule.

3. To be labelled with the words "*Poison. For animal treatment only.*":—

Medicines consisting of or containing any poison made up ready for the treatment of animals.

4. To be labelled with the words "*Caution. This preparation may cause inflammation of the skin in certain persons and should be used only in accordance with expert advice.*":—

Hair dyes consisting of or containing phenylene diamines or toluene diamines or their salts.

5. To be labelled with the words "*Caution. This substance is caustic.*":—

Articles containing potassium hydroxide or sodium hydroxide.

SIXTH SCHEDULE.

Substances to which Rule 23 (Transport) applies.

Arsenical poisons

Barium, salts of

Hydrocyanic acid; cyanides

Nicotine

Strychnine

Thallium, salts of

SEVENTH SCHEDULE.

Form of application to be made to the local authority by a person desiring his name to be entered in the list kept by local authorities in pursuance of section 21 of the Act.

PHARMACY AND POISONS ACT, 1933.

*Form of application by a person to have his name entered in a local authority's list of persons entitled to sell poisons included in Part II of the Poisons List.**

To the { Town Clerk
Clerk of the County Council } of.....

I,
being engaged in the business of.....
hereby apply to have my name entered in the list kept in pursuance of
section 21 of the above Act in respect of the following premises, namely,
.....
.....
.....

as a person entitled to sell from those premises poisons included in Part II
of the Poisons List.

I hereby nominate.....
.....

to act as my deputy (deputies) for the sale of poisons in accordance with
Rule 12 (1) of the Poisons Rules.

Signature of applicant.....

Date.....

** NOTE.—The entry of a person's name on the list does not entitle that person to retail poisons in Part I of the Poisons List which, by the provisions of the Act may only be retailed by authorised sellers of poisons (i.e. registered pharmacists). The poisons in Part II of the Poisons List which may be sold by a person whose name is entered on the local authority's list are:— ammonia, solutions of; arsenic sulphides; arsenious oxide; calcium arsenates; calcium arsenites; copper acetoarsenites; copper arsenates; copper arsenites; lead arsenates; sodium arsenates; sodium arsenites; sodium thioarsenates; barium carbonate; barium silicofluoride; formaldehyde; hydrofluoric acid; potassium fluoride; sodium fluoride; sodium silicofluoride; mercuric chloride; mercuric iodide; organic compounds of mercury; nicotine; its salts; nitrobenzene; phenols in substances, other than lysol or dilutions of lysol, containing less than sixty per cent., weight in weight, of phenols; compounds of phenol with a metal in substances containing less than the equivalent of sixty per cent., weight in weight of phenols; potassium hydroxide; sodium hydroxide; sulphuric acid.*

The provisions set out on the back of this form should be read carefully.
(Rules 12 and 21 and the Fourth Schedule to these Rules are to be set out on the back of the form).

EIGHTH SCHEDULE.

Form of the list to be kept by local authorities in pursuance of subsection (1) of section 21 of the Act.

PHARMACY AND POISONS ACT, 1933.

List of persons entitled to sell Poisons in Part II of the Poisons List.

Full Name.	Address of Premises.	Description of business carried on at the premises.	Name of Deputy (or deputies) permitted to sell.

NINTH SCHEDULE.

Certificate for the purchase of a Poison.

For the purposes of subsection (2) (a) (i) of section 18 of the Pharmacy and Poisons Act, 1933, I, the undersigned, a householder occupying (a)hereby certify from my knowledge of (b)..... of (a)..... that he is a person to whom (c)..... may properly be supplied.

I further certify that (d).....is the signature of the said (b).....

.....
Signature of householder giving
certificate.

Date.....

(a) Insert full postal address.

(b) Insert full name of intending purchaser.

(c) Insert name of poison.

(d) Intending purchaser to sign his name here.

Endorsement required by Rule 30 of the Poisons Rules to be made by a police officer in charge of a police station, when, but only when, the householder giving the certificate is not known to the seller of the poison to be a responsible person of good character.

I hereby certify that in so far as is known to the police of the district in which*.....resides he is a responsible person of good character.

Signature of Police Officer.....

Rank.....

In charge of Police Station at.....

Date.....

Office Stamp of
Police Station.

* Insert full name of householder giving the certificate.

TENTH SCHEDULE.

Form of entry required by Rule 31 to be made in the book to be kept by sellers of poisons in accordance with section 18 (2) (b) of the Act.

[illegible]

LONDON

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY HIS MAJESTY'S STATIONERY OFFICE

To be purchased directly from H.M. STATIONERY OFFICE at the following addresses:

Adastral House, Kingsway, London, W.C.2; 120 George Street, Edinburgh 2;

York Street, Manchester 1; 1 St. Andrew's Crescent, Cardiff;

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1935

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